# **TEMBOTRIONE** 790 $F_3C \xrightarrow{CI}_{H_3C} \xrightarrow{CI}_{O}$

ISO Common Name	Tembotrione
Chemical Name	2-{2-chloro-4-mesyl-3[(2,2,2- trifluoroethoxy)methyl]benzoyl}cyclohexane-1,3- dionetrifluoroethoxy)methyl]benzoyl]-1,3- cyclohexanedione
CAS Number	335104-84-2
Empirical formula	$C_{17}H_{16}ClF_3O_6S$
Molecular mass	440.8
<i>m.p</i> .	123°C
<i>b.p</i> .	No boiling point at atmospheric pressure; decomposition started around 150 °C
v.p	$1.1 \times 10^{-5}$ mPa at 20°C; $2.9 \times 10^{-5}$ mPa at 25°C
$d^{20}$	1.56
Solubility	In water 0.22 g/L (pH 4), dichloromethane and DMSO >600 g/L (all at 20-25°C)
Stability	Stable at room temperature
Description	Beige powder
Formulations	Suspending concentrates (SC), Oil-based suspension concentrates (OD)

#### **TEMBOTRIONE TECHNICAL** \*790/TC/(M)/-

**1** Sampling. Take at least 100 g.

#### 2 Identity tests

**2.1 HPLC.** Use the HPLC method below. The relative retention time of the tembotrione peak in the sample solution should not deviate by more than 1.5% from that of the calibration solution.

**2.2 Infrared.** Prepare potassium bromide discs for the technical sample and tembotrione reference substance. Scan the discs from 4000 to 400 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The spectrum from the sample should not differ significantly from that of the reference substance.

#### **3** Tembotrione

#### **OUTLINE OF METHOD**

Tembotrione is determined by high performance liquid chromatography on a reversed phase column (C18) with UV detection at 284 nm and external standardization.

## REAGENTS

*Tembotrione:* standard of known purity

Acetonitrile: HPLC grade

*Water:* Milli-Q grade or distilled

Phosphoric acid: analytical grade

0.1% Phosphoric acid aqueous solution: Dissolve 1 ml phosphoric acid into 1000 ml water.

**Calibration solution.** Weigh in duplicate (to the nearest 0.1 mg) 50 mg of tembotrione reference standard (*s* mg) into separate volumetric flasks (100ml). And then add 50 ml acetonitrile and sonicate until the sample has been dissolved completely (about 5 min). Allow to cool to room temperature and dilute to volume with acetonitrile. Mix thoroughly (calibration solutions  $C_A$  and  $C_B$ ).

## APPARATUS

*High performance liquid chromatograph* equipped with a UV detector capable for operation at 284 nm, a constant-temperature column compartment and an injection system capable of injecting 5µl.

Column stainless steel 250 ×4.6 mm (i.d), packed with  $C_{18}$  5.0 µm, or equivalent with the same selectivity.

*Filtering apparatus* disposable plastic syringes (or equivalent) fitted with 0.45 µm filters.

Electronic integrator or data system

Ultrasonic bath

## PROCEDURE

## (a) Liquid chromatographic conditions (typical):

Column	stainless steel, $250 \times 4.6$ mm (i.d), packed with Agilent C <sub>18</sub> 5.0 $\mu$ m, or equivalent with the same selectivity.
Mobile phase	acetonitrile: 0.1% phosphoric acid aqueous solution, 60:40 (v/v)
Column temperature	$30^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$
Flow rate	1.0 ml/min
Detector wavelength	284 nm
Injection volume	5 µl
Retention time	approximately 6.5 min
Run time	15 min

(b) System equilibration. Inject 5  $\mu$ l portions of calibration solution C<sub>A</sub> until the response factors (*fi*) obtained for two consecutive injections differ by less than 1.5%. Then inject 5 $\mu$ l portions of calibration solution C<sub>B</sub>. The response factor (*fi*),

for two consecutive injections should not deviate by more than 1.5% from that of solution  $C_A$ , otherwise prepare new calibration solutions.

(c) Sample preparation. Prepare solutions in duplicate for each sample. Weigh (to the nearest 0.1 mg) sufficient sample (w mg) to contain about 50 mg of tembotrione into a volumetric flask (100 ml). And then add 50 ml acetonitrile and sonicate until the sample has been dissolved completely (about 5 min). Allow to cool to room temperature and dilute to volume with acetonitrile. Mix thoroughly (sample solutions S<sub>1</sub> and S<sub>2</sub>).

(d) **Determination.** Inject in duplicate 5  $\mu$ l portions of each sample solution bracketing them by injections of the calibration solutions as follows:

 $C_A, S_1, S_1, C_B, S_2, S_2, C_A, \dots$ 

(e) Calculation. Calculate the mean value of each pair of calibration response factors f, bracketing the two injections of a sample, and use this value for calculating the tembotrione contents of the bracketed sample injections.

$$f_i = \frac{s \times P}{Hs}$$

Content of Tembotrione = 
$$\frac{H_W \times f}{W}$$
 (g/kg)

where:

fi = individual response factor

f = mean response factor

 $H_s$  = peak area of tembotrione in the calibration solution

 $H_w$  = peak area of tembotrione in the sample solution

s = mass of tembotrione reference standard in the calibration solution (mg)

w = mass of sample taken (mg)

P = purity of the tembotrione reference standard (g/kg)

**Repeatability**  $\mathbf{r} =$ g/kg at an active ingredient content ofg/kg**Reproducibility**  $\mathbf{R} =$ g/kg at an active ingredient content ofg/kg

## **TEMBOTRIONE SUSPENDING CONCENTRATE** \*790/SC/(M)/-

**1** Sampling. Take at least 1000 g.

## 2 Identity tests.

**2.1 HPLC.** As for Tembotrione technical **790**/TC/(M)/2.1

2.2 Infrared. As for Tembotrione technical 790 /TC/(M)/2.2

**3 Tembotrione.** As for Tembotrione technical **790** /TC/M/3 except:

(c) Sample preparation. Weigh (to the nearest 0.1 mg) sufficient sample (w mg) to contain about 50 mg of tembotrione into a volumetric flask (100 ml). And then add 50 ml acetonitrile and sonicate about 5 min. Allow to cool to room temperature and dilute to volume with acetonitrile. Mix thoroughly and filter through a 0.45 µm filter membrane prior to analysis (sample solutions S<sub>1</sub> and S<sub>2</sub>).

**Repeatability r** = g/kg at an active ingredient content of g/kg**Reproducibility R** = g/kg at an active ingredient content of g/kg

## **TEMBOTRIONE OIL-BASED SUSPENSION CONCENTRATE** \*790/OD/(M)/-

**1** Sampling. Take at least 1000 g.

## 2 Identity tests.

- **2.1 HPLC.** As for Tembotrione technical **790**/TC/(M)/2.1
- 2.2 Infrared. As for Tembotrione technical 790 /TC/(M)/2.2

#### **3 Tembotrione.** As for Tembotrione technical **790** /TC/M/3 except:

(c) Sample preparation. Weigh (to the nearest 0.1 mg) sufficient sample (w mg) to contain about 50 mg of tembotrione into a volumetric flask (100 ml). Add 2 ml water and shake well. And then add 50 ml acetonitrile and sonicate about 5 min. Allow to cool to room temperature and dilute to volume with acetonitrile. Mix thoroughly and filter through a 0.45 µm filter membrane prior to analysis (sample solutions S<sub>1</sub> and S<sub>2</sub>).

**Repeatability r** = g/kg at an active ingredient content of g/kg**Reproducibility R** = g/kg at an active ingredient content of g/kg

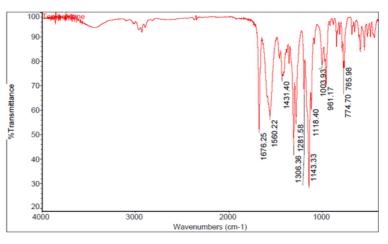


Fig. 1 FTIR spectrum of tembotrione standard

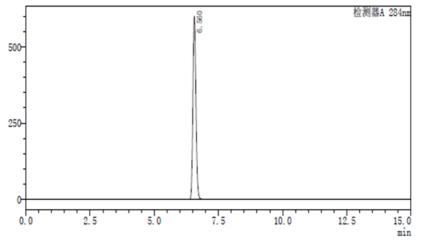


Fig. 2 HPLC Chromatogram of tembotrione standard

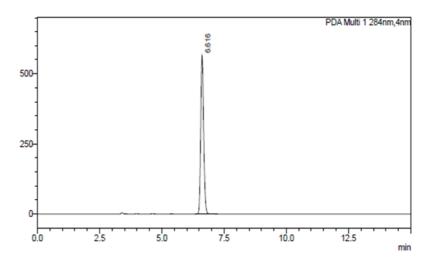


Fig. 3 HPLC Chromatogram of tembotrione TC

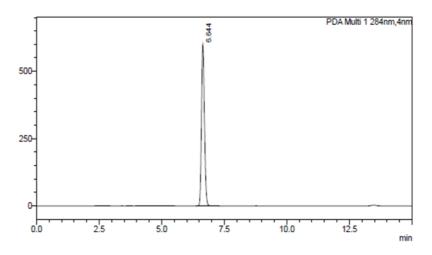


Fig. 4 HPLC Chromatogram of tembotrione SC

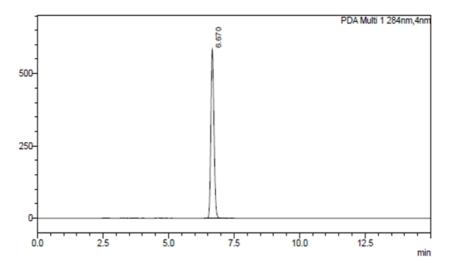


Fig. 5 HPLC Chromatogram of tembotrione OD