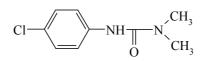
CIPAC STATUS REPORT

28/06/2005



0099 Monuron

Allocated to GB

CIPAC methods published in :

CIPAC 1A, p. 1310 (titr.)

CIPAC 10th meeting, June 1966 in France

Dr. Ashworth reported that English Panel had accepted method 816m but, unfortunately, the report had not yet been written.

CIPAC 11th meeting, June 1967 in London

Dr. Ashworth said that the proposed method was satisfactory for formulations, but was not so good for the technical material owing to difficulties encountered in wetting the material.

CIPAC 12th meeting, June 1968 in Braunschweig

Collaborative work is continuing.

CIPAC 16th meeting, June 1972 in Stockholm

<u>Decision</u> The method 1862 for technical supported by the report 1861 and the method 1866 for dispersible powders supported by the report 1865 are adopted as <u>full</u> CIPAC methods. An identity test is to be described, the method being not specific.

CIPAC 17th meeting, June 1973 in Wageningen

Mr. R.E. Westin, Expert Witness, presented the report 1976 on the work by the URON Subcommittee. He pointed out, that collaborative work on the determination of free aliphatic amines (by distillation into standard acid and subsequent back titration) and aromatic amines (by bromination) has given the most encouraging results.

<u>Decision</u> Identification method (i.e. by melting point or mixed melting point) to be considered by the URON Subcommittee.

CIPAC 18th meeting, June 1974 in London

Work on impurities in progress by URON Subcommittee (UK).

CIPAC 23rd meeting, June 1979 in Baltimore

The method for the determination of suspensibility in monuron dispersible powders, CIPAC/2797, app.A, was adopted as <u>full</u> CIPAC method.